

Summer Test 3 Key

1. B may (a) accept the touchdown and enforce the penalty on the try or on the subsequent kickoff; (b) decline the foul. In either case, A1 is disqualified for fighting. 10.5.3
2. In (a) B11 has committed illegal substitution by leaving on the opponent's sideline. (3-7-2) In (b), there is no foul as long as B11 remains a player. (2-32-1) If done intentionally to gain an advantage, it is an illegal participation foul or it could be an unsportsmanlike foul. If B11 returns to the field after the snap in either (a) or (b) and participates, it is a live-ball foul for illegal participation. (9-5-1f; 9-6-4 a and d)
3. No foul in (a), (b) and (c) unless the covering official observes A1 unsnapping the strap which would then be enforced from the succeeding spot.
COMMENT: Officials must use good judgment when ruling on failure to properly wear required equipment during the down. Whenever a player is involved in contact during the down, it is possible for mouth protectors, chin straps, shoes, helmets, etc., to come loose or be displaced. In such cases, it is not a foul.
4. A1 must be replaced for at least one down in (a), (b) and (c). As it is an official's time-out. If A1 is injured during the last down of either half, he may return for the first play or down of the second half or overtime period. 3.5.10
5. A1 must remain in the team box for at least one down. A time-out called after the official has stopped the clock for an injured player does not allow the injured player to remain in the game.
6. In (a), it is an illegal participation foul at B's 25 because A2 returned after being out of bounds prior to the interception. No foul in (b) because A2 did not go out of bounds until after the change of possession with the interception by B1.
7. Because there was a change of possession, the penalty is enforced from the previous spot. It will be team A's ball, first and 10 at its own 35 yardline.
8. In (a) and (b), B2's foul cannot be tacked on at the end of the run, even though team A recovered its own fumble, because the spot of enforcement would be the spot of A1's fumble. Team A will likely decline the penalty in (a) and (b) and begin a new series at the 50 yardline. If team A accepted the penalty in (a) or (b), it would be enforced from the end of A1's run (team A's 25 yard line).
9. The touchdown is scored and the unsportsmanlike foul by A1 cannot be penalized. While such situations do not occur frequently, it must be recognized that at some point penalty enforcement is ended. If the try is required for playoff qualification, the penalty is enforced on the try. (10-4-4a)
10. If R accepts the penalty for either foul by K, it is a double foul. R may decline the penalties and retain possession following enforcement of the penalty for R2's foul. In either case, R2 shall be disqualified. (9-4-1l; 10-2-3)
11. In (a), because this contact is following the incomplete pass, it is a dead-ball foul and would be penalized 15 yards from the succeeding spot. In (b), because the pass was still in flight when B1 contacted A1, it was pass interference even though it is obvious the pass was overthrown and is

not catchable. The penalty is 15 yards from the previous spot and an automatic first down. If the pass had been touched by a teammate of A1, prior to the contact by B1, the result would be a personal foul by B1, because A1 was obviously out of the play.

12. Since B has touched the forward pass in or behind the neutral zone A8 is not downfield illegally.
13. Illegal forward pass by A1. The penalty is 5 yards from the spot of the pass, plus loss of down. If A1 is contacted after releasing the ball, it is not roughing the passer since he lost that protection when he threw the pass from beyond the neutral zone.(7.5.2D)Casebook
14. It will be K's ball first and 10 from R's 18. K2 may catch or recover the muffed kick, but may not advance. The ball is dead when K gains possession. The covering official should sound his whistle to stop play immediately when the ball becomes dead.